

# Open letter to Duncan Selbie, Chief Executive Public Health England

12 July 2017

Dear Mr Selbie,

I am contacting you on behalf of all babies born from August 1 (2017) who are due to receive the « Hexa » (six in one) jab at four, eight and 16 weeks.

Vaccination is a medical procedure that requires **informed consent** as well as **valid consent**. Informed consent entails signing a legal document, while valid consent implies that the individual or their legal guardian be informed of the risks and benefits of the vaccine in order to make an informed decision on whether or not, to receive the vaccine.

In view of the potential health risks of mass vaccination, perhaps a public consultation should be considered to better inform the public beforehand ? The fact that the goal of mass immunisation is to achieve so-called « herd immunity » in the human population is no excuse to treat people like sheep, especially in 2017.

A public consultation would allow for a more transparent discussion on :

- \* the link between multiple immunisations and auto-immune disease ;
- \* how to predict post-vaccination auto-immune disease ;
- \* the suspected causal link between hepatitis B vaccine and multiple sclerosis ;
- \* the massive under reporting of vaccine adverse events.

In view of the above concerns, it would be in the general interest if Public Health England could answer the following questions and publish them on its official website :

1. What **specific safeguards** have been put in place by Public Health England to identify individuals at risk of developing an adverse reaction to the **first dose** of the « Hexa » jab ?
2. What **specific safeguards** have been put in place by Public Health England to identify individuals at risk of developing an adverse reaction to the **second and third dose** « Hexa » jab ?
3. Has Public Health England conducted any cost-benefit study to compare the cost savings to the health system of performing preventive screening tests of individuals prior to vaccination, in order to avoid, or minimise, the risk of severe adverse reactions, in susceptible individuals ?
4. **There appears to be no advice on your website on preventive vaccine screening.** Identifying genetic factors associated with the development of adverse events can be achieved by screening. For example, a landmark book published in 2015 "Vaccines & Autoimmunity" (Shoenfeld, Agmon-Levin & Tomljenovic) cites dozens of studies identifying various genetic variants of the HLA (human leukocyte antigen) gene family, as being strongly associated with vaccine-induced autoimmune activation. Some of these HLA variants include: HLA DRB1, HLA DRB2, HLA DR4 and HLA DRQ8.

Yours sincerely,

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## References :

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4. <http://rspb.royalsocietypublishing.org/content/282/1821/20143085>
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